

## NEW DISCOVERIES OF "STEPPIC" CHARACTER IN THE TRANSYLVANIAN ENEOLITHIC

(SUMMARY)

The study is presenting two stone objects belonging to the archaeological collections of the Muzeul Național al Unirii in Alba Iulia. The first object is a zoomorphic sceptre discovered in a sand quarry, near the railway station of Vințu de Jos (fig.1). It has good parallels in the North-Pontic region (Suvorovo), as well as in Moldavia (Fedeleșeni, Fitionești), Dobruđja (Casimcea) or Macedonia (Suvodol). The sceptre of Vințu de Jos is the first of this type in the Transylvanian region and could be dated in the late Eneolithic period. The second find is a stone macehead with four knobs (fig.2), discovered by a peasant in the village of Șard (com. Ighiu, jud. Alba), during the excavation of a fountain. It could belong to a grave of Decea Mureșului type. Both objects represents eastern elements from the North-Pontic stepic area, which penetrated inside the Carpathian basin in the Late Eneolithic period.